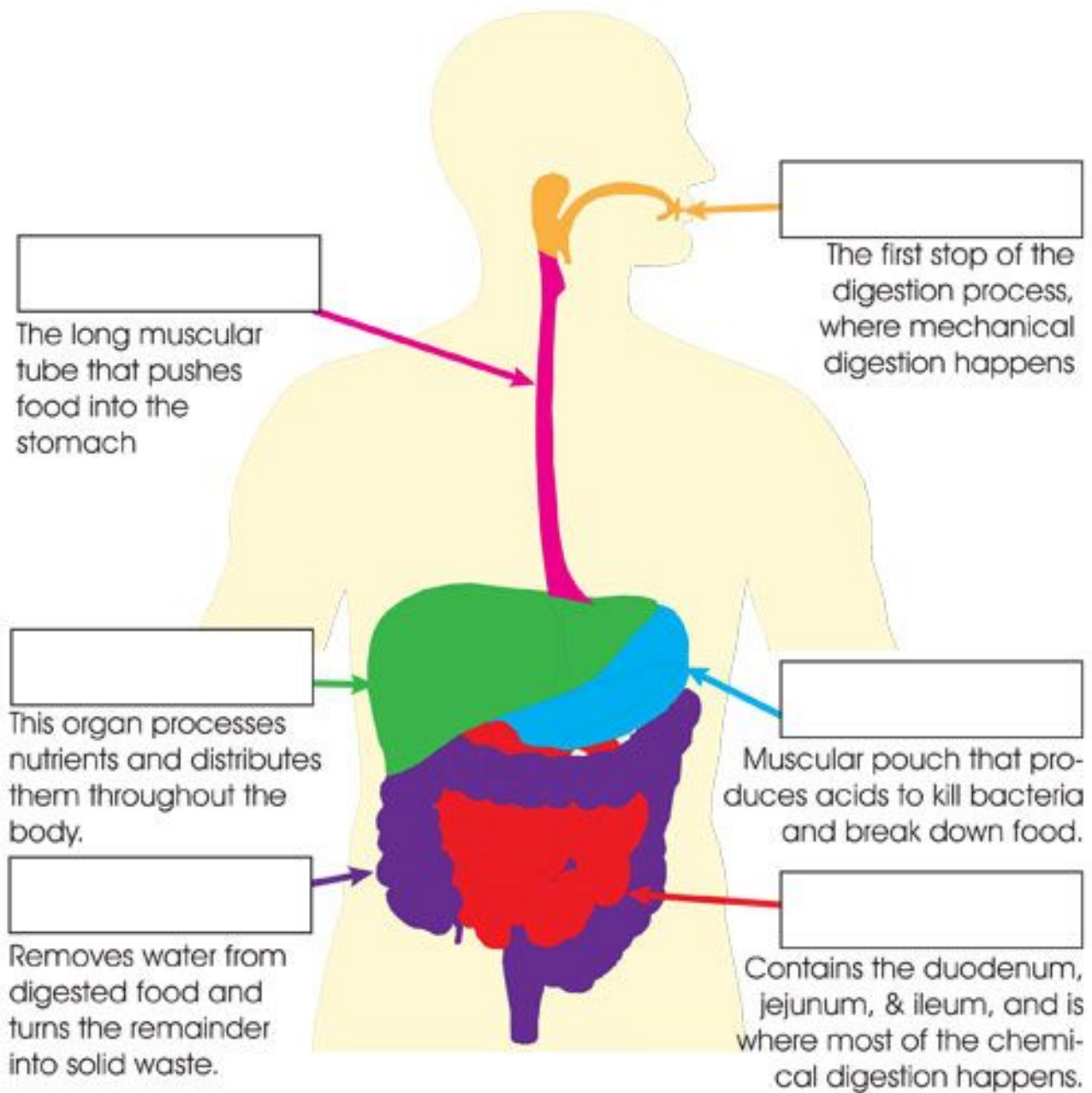


# What are some parts of the digestive system?



## CC3 - Week 6

Esophagus

Large Intestine

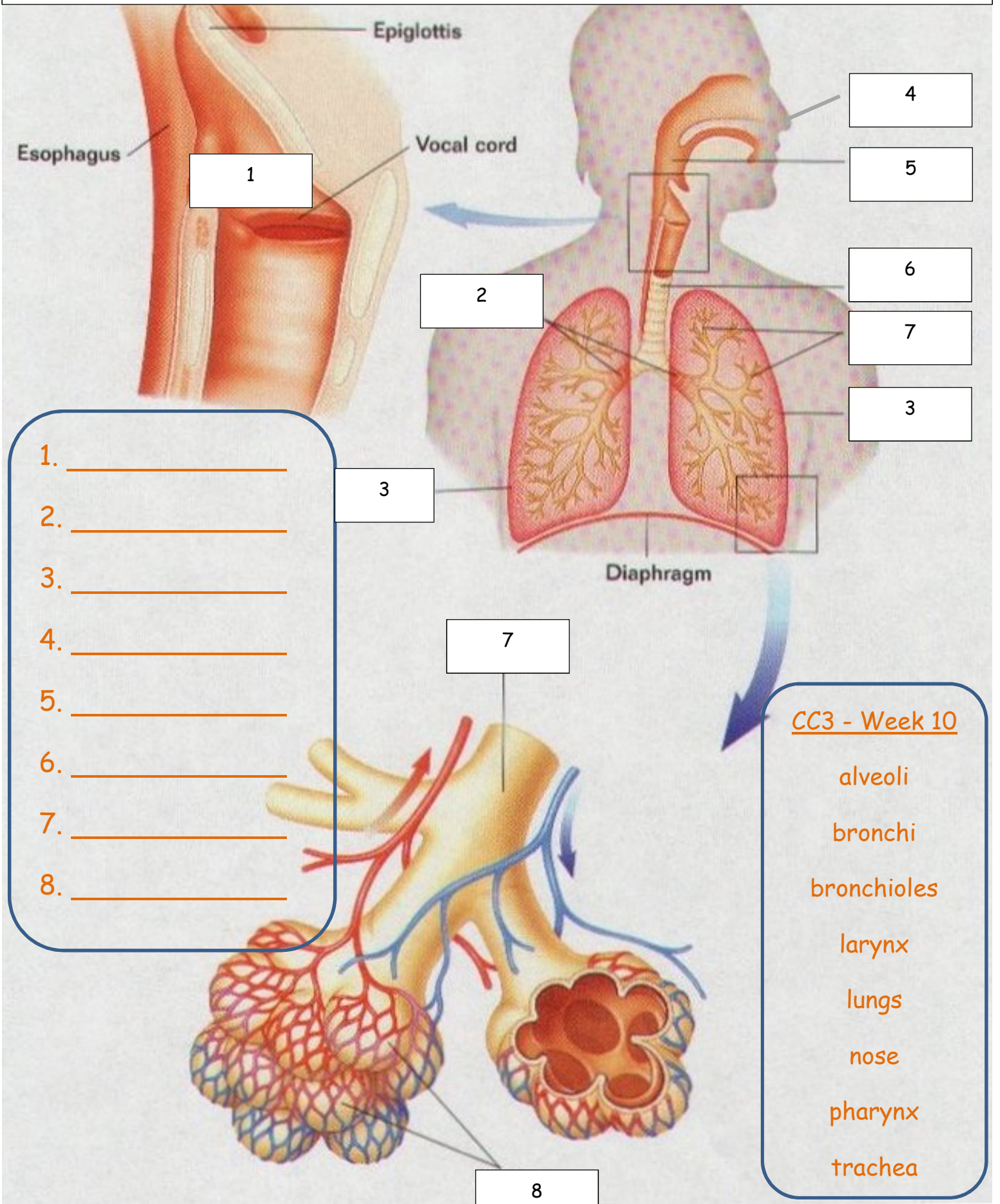
Liver

Mouth

Small Intestine

Stomach

# What are some parts of the respiratory system?

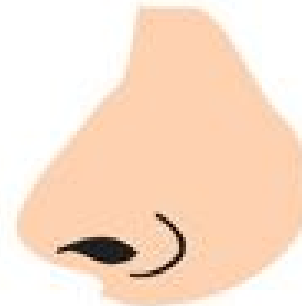
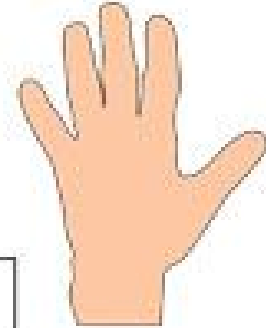


1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_

CC3 - Week 10

- alveoli
- bronchi
- bronchioles
- larynx
- lungs
- nose
- pharynx
- trachea

# What are the five main senses?



CC3 - Week 5

Hearing

Sight

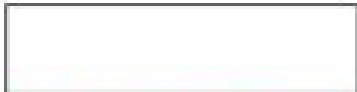
Smell

Taste

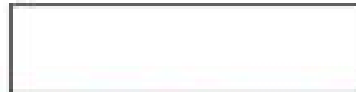
Touch

# What are four types of tissue?

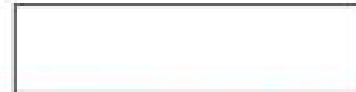
A tissue is a group of cells of the same type.



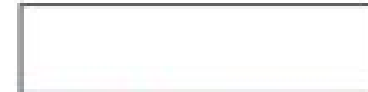
This tissue connects muscles, organs, and bones together in your body.



This tissue is protective and includes linings of organs in your body.



This tissue makes up the muscles in your body.



This tissue makes up your brain, spinal cord, and nerves.

CC3 - Week 1

Epithelial

Nerve

Connective

Muscle

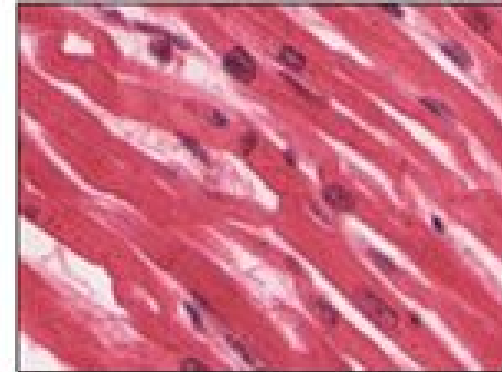
## What are three kinds of muscle?



This type of muscle is attached to your bones and enables movement.



This type of muscle is found in your blood vessels, stomach, intestines, and bladder, and performs its function involuntarily.



This type of muscle is only found in the heart.

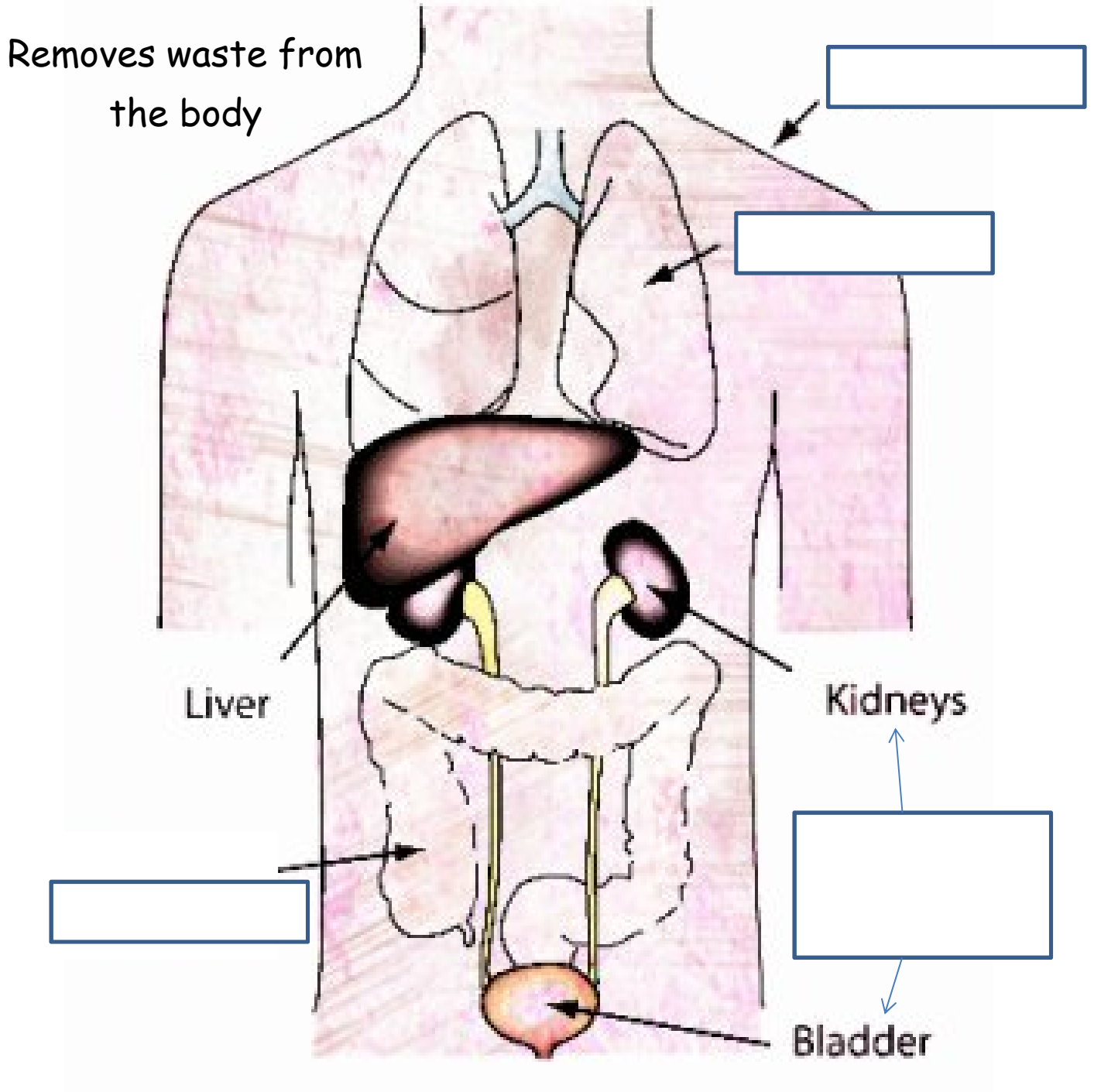
CC3 - Week 3

Cardiac

Skeletal

Smooth

What are four parts of the excretory system?



CC3 - Week 7

Urinary tract

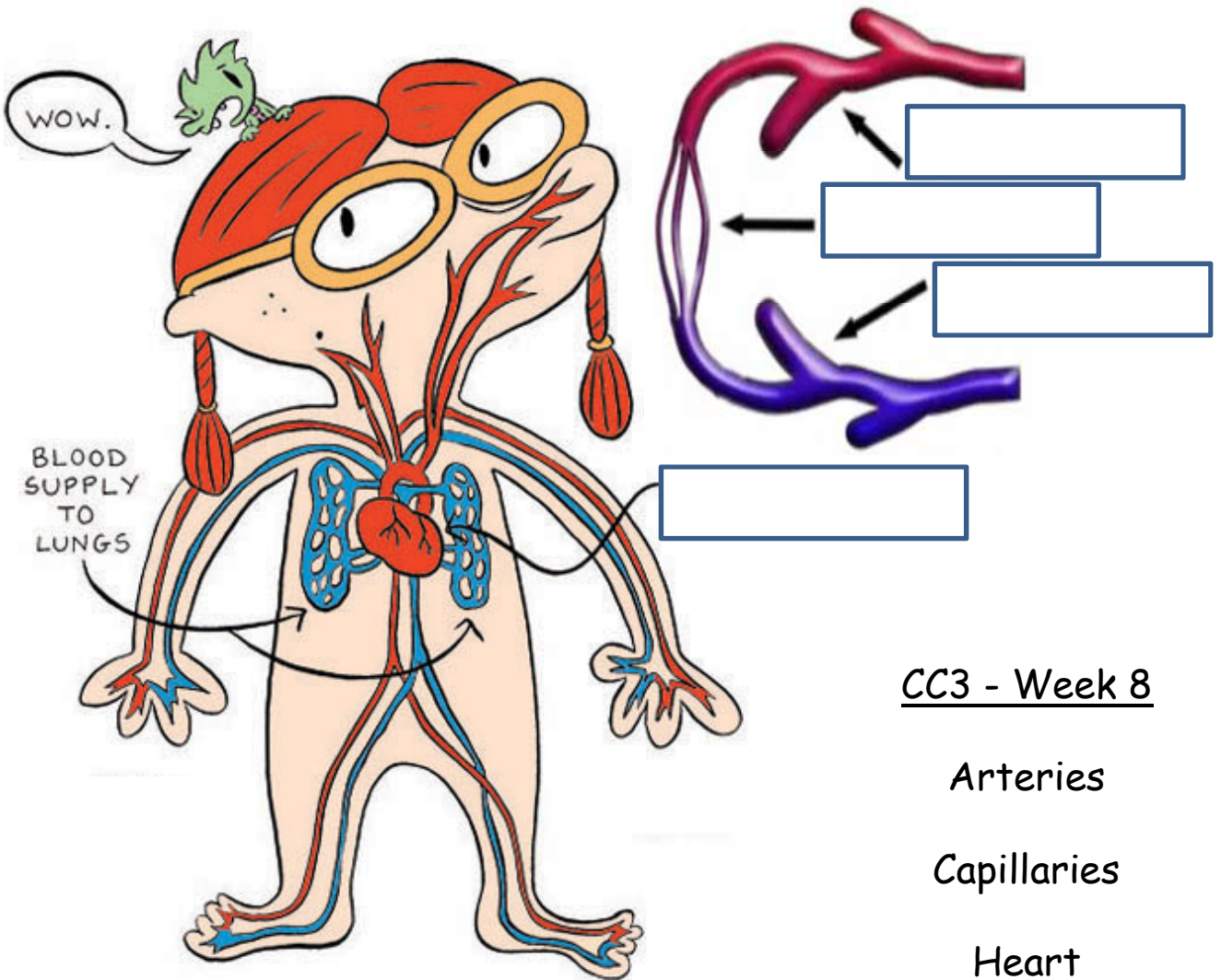
Lungs

Skin

Intestines



What are six parts of the circulatory system?



CC3 - Week 8

Arteries

Capillaries

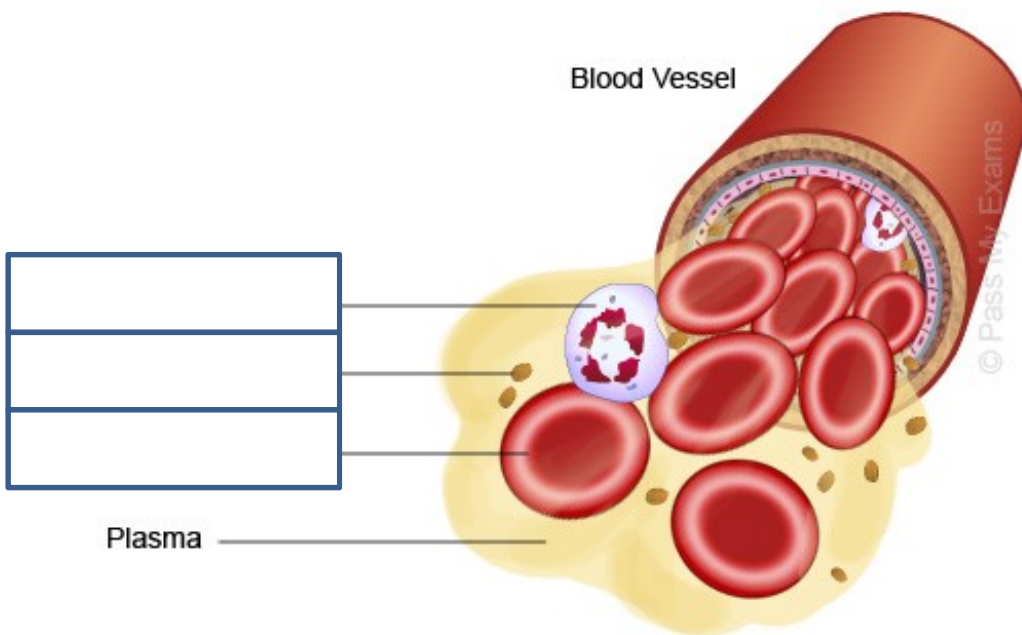
Heart

Red blood cells

Platelets

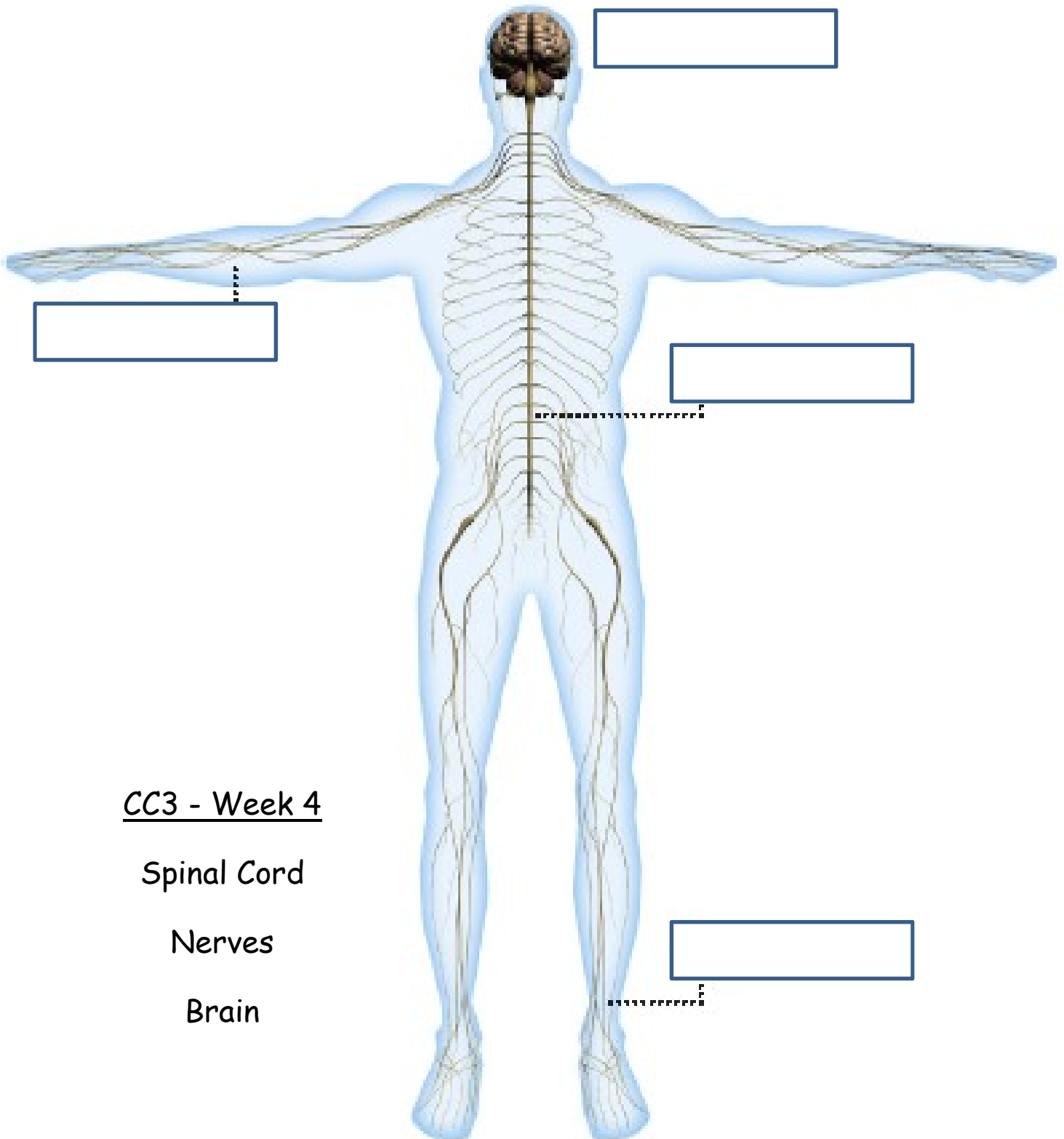
White blood cells

Veins



Plasma

What are three parts of the nervous system?



CC3 - Week 4

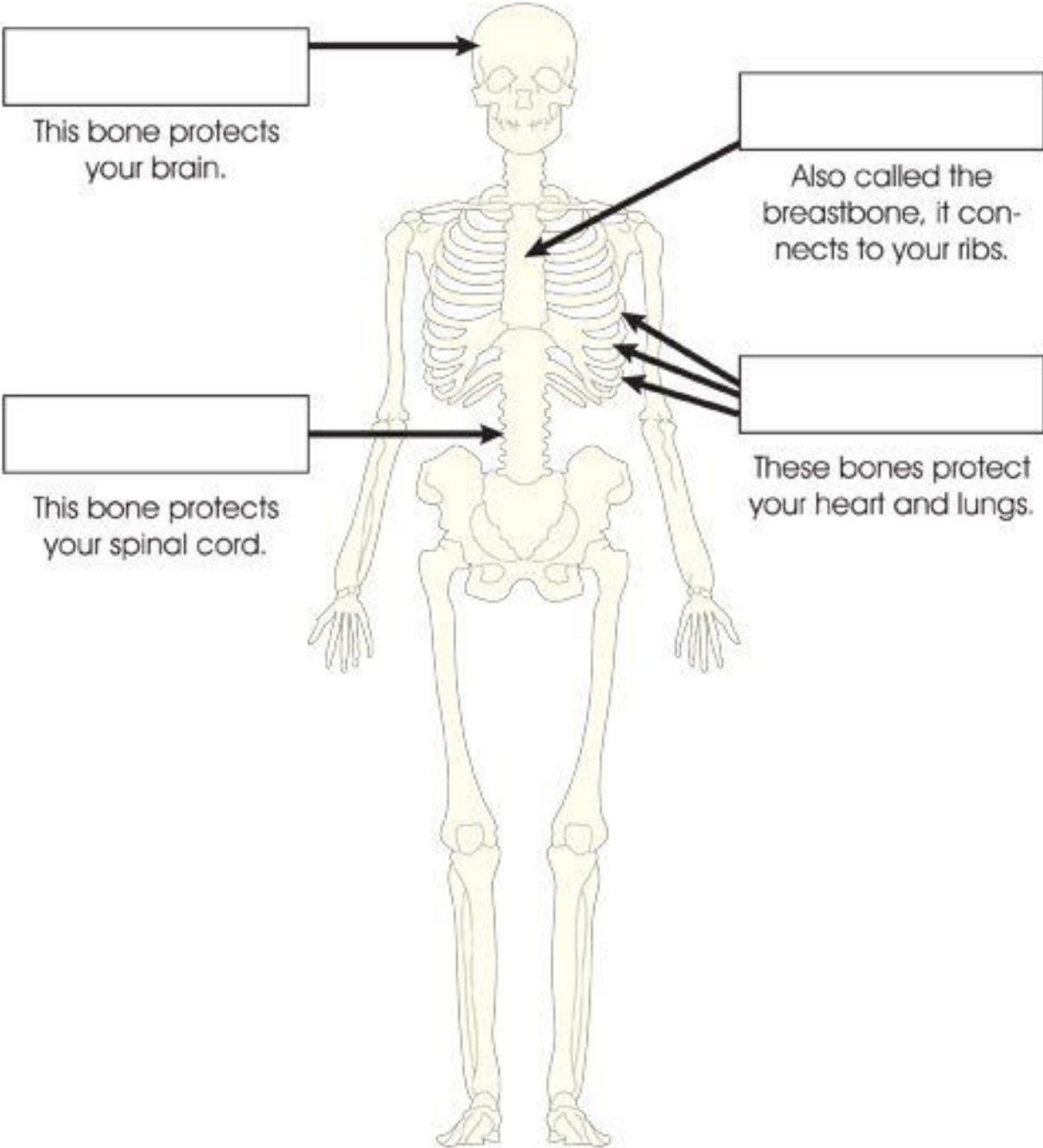
Spinal Cord

Nerves

Brain



# Which bones make up the axial skeleton?



## CC3 - Week 2

Cranium

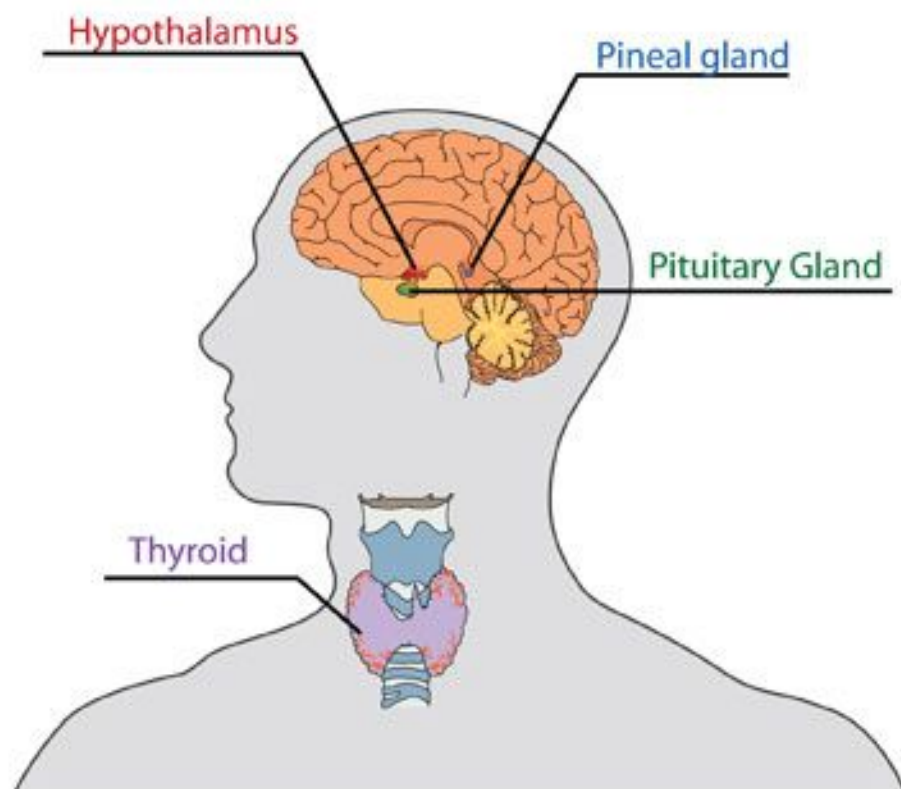
Ribs

Sternum

Vertebrae

# What is the endocrine system?

and  that use  
 to send  through  
the  to the rest of the  
.



CC3 - Week 11

bloodstream      body      glands

hormones      messages      organs

# What are the major purposes of blood?



Brings oxygen to cells and carries carbon dioxide away from cells; moves nutrients throughout the body



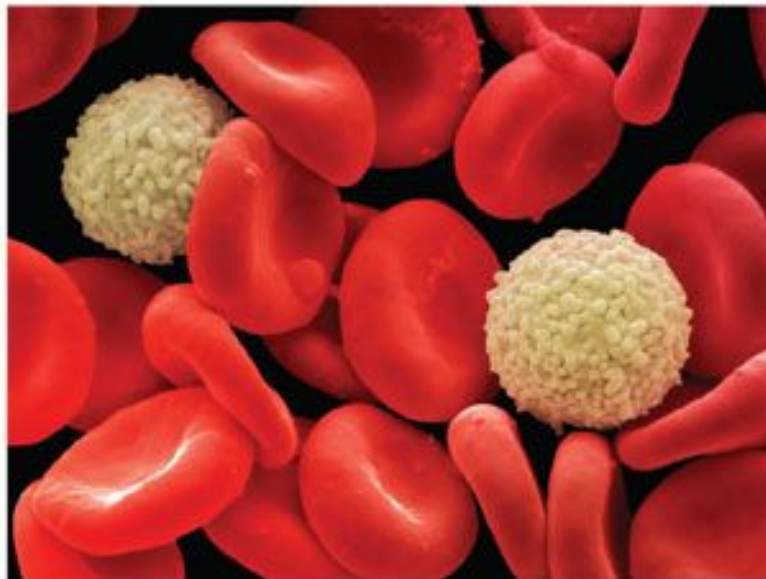
Identifies and removes bacteria and viruses from the body



Delivers hormones throughout the body to help one part of the body know what another part is doing



Moves heat to the skin when the body is too hot and moves blood supply away from the skin when a body is too cold



## CC3 - Week 12

Communication

Protection

Temperature Regulation

Transportation

# What are four parts of the lymph system?

[ ]

These carry lymph fluid throughout the body

[ ]

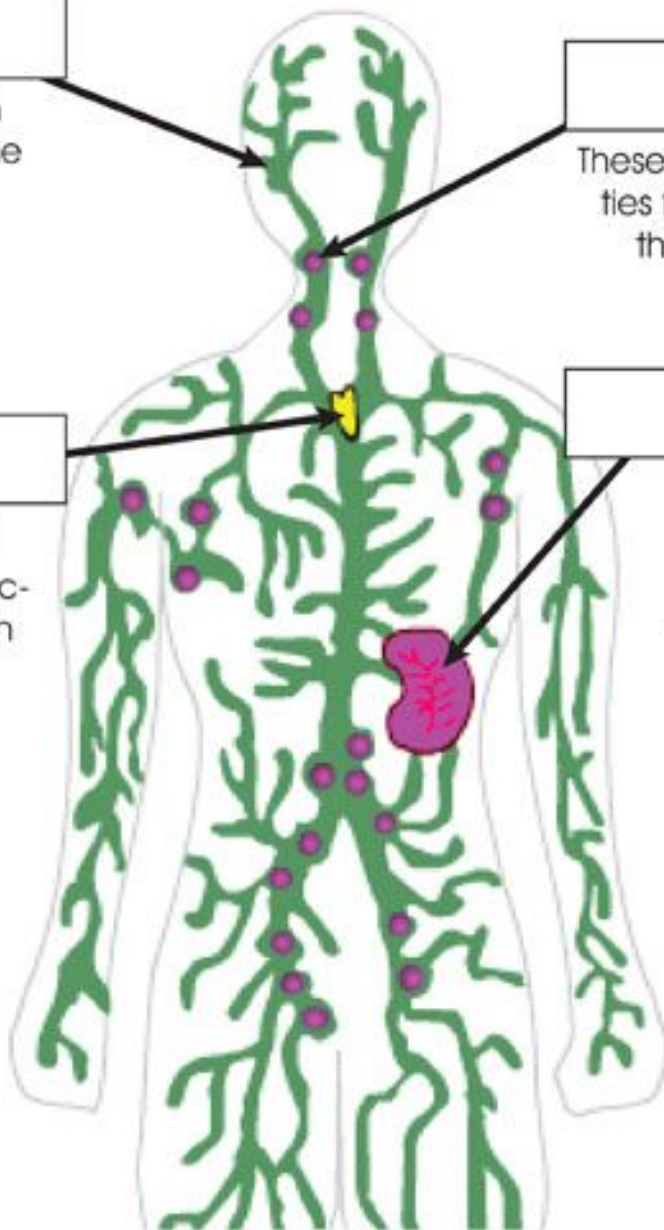
These remove impurities from lymph fluid that is in the body

[ ]

This organ "trains" lymphocytes to recognize impurities in the body.

[ ]

This organ filters blood, removes dead red blood cells, and stores extra blood.



CC3 - Week 9

Lymph nodes

Lymph vessels

Spleen

Thymus